

# Read About the Sun and Stars

## STAR DEFINITION

A *star* is an exploding ball of burning gas held together by gravity. Our sun is a star! It produces great amounts of energy in the form of light and heat that provide the perfect conditions for life on Earth.

*To better understand how our sun and stars work....*

## LET'S BREAK IT DOWN!

### What is the definition of a star and how does it work?

When you look at the night sky, the dots of light you see are stars! They are millions of miles away. Billions of stars exist in the universe, but many are too far away from Earth to see, even with a telescope.

Stars are huge balls of burning gases, most of which are made of hydrogen. As the hydrogen gas in a star is squeezed due to gravity, it produces huge amounts of energy, which make it glow. The size, temperature, brightness, and color of stars vary.

The color of a star is determined by its temperature. Red stars are cooler in temperature, blue stars are hottest, and other stars like ours (which is yellow) are an in-between temperature.



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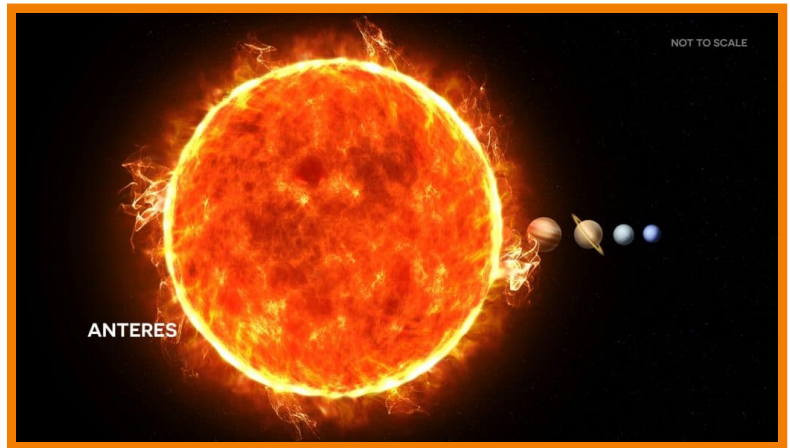
## Stars come in different sizes and distances from Earth.

Stars are really far away from Earth. With a strong telescope, we can see stars that are millions of light years away.

A *light year* is how far light can travel in one year. Since light travels at 186,000 miles per second, it takes 8 minutes for light from the sun to reach the Earth.

The next closest star to Earth is Proxima Centauri, which is a little over 4 light years away from Earth. That is 250,000 times farther away than the sun.

The brightest star in the night sky is Sirius, located 500,000 times further away than the sun. Sirius is also 20 times brighter than the sun, which is why it is so easy to see at night.



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## Our sun is a medium star of average size and brightness.

Our star, the sun, is average in terms of size and brightness. However, our star is extraordinarily important! Earth is the perfect distance from the sun.

The sun provides heat and light to our planet, supporting life on Earth. Earth is in the *habitable zone* of the sun. We are close enough to the sun to benefit from the light and heat, but far enough away to prevent Earth from being too hot and vaporizing all the water.



The sun is much larger than Earth. By comparison, if the sun were the size of a basketball, the Earth would be the size of a pencil point.

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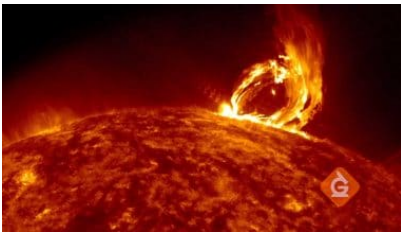
## Stars that are farther away appear smaller and dimmer.

Because the sun is so much closer than other stars, it looks much bigger and brighter. Objects that are closer to you seem larger than objects that are farther away.

If you were to light two candles, hold one and have a friend hold the other on the opposite side of a room, the candle you are holding would appear brighter and bigger. The same is true of stars.



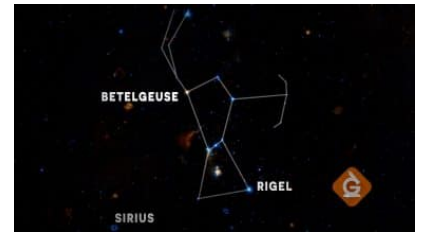
## EXAMPLES OF THE SUN AND STARS



**Solar flares interfere with cell phone reception, satellites and radio broadcasts.** Solar flares are bursts of high energy radiation from the surface of a star that can travel to Earth.



**Stars were used for centuries to navigate the sea.** Using measurements taken between the stars and the horizon, sailors were able to calculate where in the world they were.



**Orion is on the most recognized constellation.** It was named after a hunter in Greek mythology. There are about 88 official constellations and each one has a different meaning based on your culture.

## SUN AND STARS VOCABULARY

**Star** An exploding ball of burning gas held together by gravity.

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**Light year** How far light can travel in 1 year. Light travels at 186,000 miles each second.

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**Betelgeuse** It is a reddish star about 1000 times bigger than the sun and more than 600 light years away. It is also the ninth-brightest star in the night sky and second-brightest in the constellation of Orion.

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**Habitable Zone** An area around a star that is approximately the right distance to support liquid water on the surface of a planet.

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## Sirius

The brightest star in the night sky. It is also 500,000 times further from us than the sun.

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## Rigel

A blue-white star in the constellation Orion. It is also one of the brightest stars in the night sky. It's 40,000 times brighter than our sun but it is also 864 light years away.

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## SUN AND STARS DISCUSSION QUESTIONS

### Why should you never look directly at the sun?

Looking directly at the sun can damage your eyes. It is very bright!

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### What are stars made out of?

Stars are gigantic balls of exploding gas held together by gravity.

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### What do stars produce?

Stars produce light and heat.

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### What is a light year and what is it used to measure?

A light year is the distance light travels in a year. Since light can travel at 186,000 miles per second, it can travel very far in one year. Light years are used to measure very large distances in space, such as distances between stars.

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### How long does it take sunlight to travel to the Earth?

Sunlight travels 93 million miles from the sun to the earth in about 8 minutes.

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### Why did Zoe's candle appear brighter than Izzy's candle even though they are the same size?

Zoe and Izzy's candles are the same size, but Zoe's candle is much closer to the camera than Izzy's so it appears larger and brighter.

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