SUMMARY
Students explore the effects of the pull of gravity on an object. Duration: 15-30 minutes.

ENGAGE
Gather students in a circle in a central area. Throw a beach ball into the air and have students remain seated while they take turns tapping the beach ball around the circle. Ask students what makes the ball come back down? Have students discuss with a friend an experience they may have had with a falling object. What happens when an object falls from different heights – where do they go? Do objects ever fall up?

EXPLORE
Steps
1. Have students stand near a desk or table.
2. Give each student one of the set of classroom objects you prepared (such as a counting cube).
3. Ask students to start with the counting cube in the middle of the table or desk.
4. Ask students to push the cube to the edge of the desk without it falling.
5. Describe the push as a force acting upon the cube. Tell students, “Forces can push or pull an object.”
6. Have students brainstorm other pushes or pulls they have seen or done – such as pushing a chair under a table.
7. Have students push the cube off the edge of the desk, causing it to fall on the floor.
8. Ask students to brainstorm – what force pulled the cube to the floor?
9. Instruct students to sit on the floor at their seat and throw the cube up into the air a little bit. Where does the cube go? What pulls it back to the ground?

MATERIALS
- Any set of small classroom objects - 1 per student: such as counting cube, ball, tens block, counters, etc.
- A larger object for demonstration – such as a beach ball
- One apple

DIY Activity
- Large clear container
- Very long string of party beads
- Weight like a marker or pen
Gravity is the invisible force that draws objects towards Earth. As the cubes leave the surface of the desk, gravity pulls them towards the Earth. All objects on Earth are pulled towards the ground by gravity. When we throw an object into the air, such as the counting cube – gravity is still pulling the cube and eventually pulls it back to the ground. Gravity is a constant force that is acting on every object on Earth.

EVALUATE

Students can play the online Kahoot! quiz game located below the video which provides downloadable scores at the end of the quiz game. Alternatively, you can use the paper quiz or the exit ticket questions. All these resources are located below the video in the Assessment section.

EXTENSION

For advanced students, have students research the pull of gravity on other planets – is it weaker or stronger? What is outer space’s gravity like? What happens to astronauts in space or on the moon – can they float? Students can research information, videos, and demonstrations online to show how objects behave on different planets or in space.

Suggestions for additional books to read:

- *How Do We Stay on Earth?* by Amy S. Hansen and Korey Scott
- *Gravity* by Robin Nelson